THE
Caledonian Mercury

No. 9766. EDINBURGH, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14. 1784.

THEATRE-ROYAL.
By Particular Desire.
For the Benefit of Miss MORRIS,
On THURSDAY Evening, April 15. 1784, will be presented, The
BEGGAR'S OPERA.

Captain Macheath, Mr COLLINS;
Peachum, Mr Charteris; Lockit, Mr Sparks; Mat o' the Mint, Mr Hallion; Ben Budge, Mr Davis; Crookfinger'd Jack, Mr J. Bland; Drawer, Mr Bland, jun.;
And Filch, — Mr MOSS.
Lucy, Miss MORRIS;
Mrs Peachum, and Diana Trapes, Mrs Charteris;
Jenny Diver, Mrs Mills; Mrs Slammekin, Mrs Mountfort;
Mrs Coaxer, Mrs Woods; Miss Vixen, Mrs Tannett;
And Polly, Mrs BADDELEY.

Between the Opera and Interlude, A celebrated Duet, called, KATE AND THOMAS; or, The TOBACCO BOX; by Mr BELL and Miss MORRIS.

Between the Play and Farce, a favourite Interlude, called, The
ELECTION; or, The PATRIOTIC BAKER.
John, (the Baker) Mr MOSS;
Richard, Mr Tannett; Trusty, Mr Davis; Sally, Mrs Mills;
And Baker's Wife, Mrs CHARTERIS.

To which will be added, (Sixth Night) a Musical Farce, called
ROSINA.
With new Scenery, Dresses, and Decorations, adapted to the occasion.
William, — Mr MOSS;
Captain Belville, — Mr BELL;
Rustic, Mr Davis; 1st Irishman, Mr Hallion; 2d Irishman, Mr J. Bland;
And Belville, Mr TANNETT.
Phœbe, (for that Night only) Mrs WILMOT-WELLS;
Dorcas, Mrs MOUNTFORT;
And Rosina, — Miss MORRIS.
In Act I, A Rural Ballet Dance, in Character, by Mr DAVIS, and Mrs TANNETT.

Tickets to be had, and Places for the Boxes to be taken, of Miss Morris, at Mr Stevenson's, Shakespeare's Square, and of Mr Gibb, at the Office of the Theatre.

Edinburgh, Musselburgh, Dalkeith, Borrowstounness, Linlithgow, and Falkirk.

BRESLAW and his Company's variety of Entertainments will be displayed, for the THREE LAST NIGHTS, at St Mary's Chapel, Niddry's Wynd, To-morrow, Friday, and Saturday next, the 15th, 16th, and 17th instant, in the Evenings, at half after seven o'clock.

☞ And before their return to London, they will likewise exhibit in each town as follows, viz.

At the Assembly room in MUSSELBURGH, on Monday next the 19th instant; at the Mason's Lodge in DALKEITH, on Tuesday next the 20th instant; at BORROWSTOUNNESS on Wednesday next the 21st instant; and also at Mrs Findlayson's Large Room in LINLITHGOW, on Thursday the 22d instant.

And likewise at the Assembly-Room in FALKIRK, on Friday the 23d instant.

The particulars of the performances will be expressed in the bills.
In each place to begin precisely at seven o'clock in the evenings.
Admittance Two Shillings each Person.

Tickets to be had, Places to be taken, or any person inclinable to learn some Deceptions, apply to Mr Breslaw at the place of Performance.

AIR BALLOON.

THERE will be let off from the CALTON HILL, upon Thursday first, being the 15th current, at half past two o'clock afternoon,
BY Mr FYFFE,
A very fine AIR BALLOON, being the most complete that has as yet been exhibited in Scotland, measuring almost twenty feet round.

Admittance to the Hill, Sixpence each; the different entries to which will be guarded, and persons appointed with boxes to receive the money. It is hoped, that on account of the size of the Balloon, expence of materials and apparatus, that none will be desirous of passing without paying so small a sum, particularly as there will be checks given upon admittance, that will be gathered in before the Balloon is let off.

The situation is highly proper for this purpose, not being obstructed in the view by any object. If the weather be not inviting to come abroad, it will be postponed to Saturday first, at the same hour and place; and a flag will be displayed the whole forenoon upon the day of the exhibition, from Mr Short's Observatory, or a part of the Hill that will be seen from the New Bridge.

Seed Oats and Potatoes.

EXPECTED to arrive in a few days, some Hundred bolls of excellent SEED OATS. Samples to be seen, by applying to Gavin Kempt, and Company, Quality-Street, Leith.

At same time, is also expected, a few Hundred bolls RED NOSED KIDNEY POTATOES, for Seed, of which intimation will be afterwards given.

CLOVER SEEDS.

JUST arrived from Holland, a Quantity of the finest FLEMISH and DUTCH Red and White CLOVER SEED, in bags.
To be sold by Martin and Kerr, Leith.

Upholstery and Cabinet Warehouse.

FRANCIS BRAIDWOOD, Luckenbooths, Edinburgh, takes the liberty of returning his most grateful thanks to his Friends and the Public for the share he has enjoyed of their favour; and begs leave to acquaint them, he has just got to hand an elegant assortment of UPHOLSTERY GOODS from the best markets, which he is enabled to sell at the lowest prices.

F. Braidwood has always on hand great choice of chairs, cabinet furniture, looking glasses, &c. of the newest London patterns.

Joiner Work done with the greatest expedition.

☞ A HOUSE TO SELL.

A genteel House, west end of Prince's Street, to be sold, consisting of three floors with three fire-rooms each, besides sunk story and garrets.
Enquire of the proprietor, as above.

SALE OF CHINA.
(Well worth the notice of Dealers and the Public in general.)

THE stock in trade of James Mason, China-man, Bridge-street, is now selling at reduced prices, on the following conditions:

1st, Purchasers to take away the goods at their own risk and expence, and to pay them on delivery.

2dly, Nothing put aside for any person, unless paid for.

3dly, No article given out on sight, on any account.

N. B. The warehouse being let to another trade, must be cleared out shelves, &c. may have them, person having occasion for the counters,

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SAND PITTS TO BE LET.

THE SAND PITTS at GILMERTOUN, in the parish of Libberton, belonging to Robert Baird, Esq; of Newbyth, are to be Let, by public roup, for one year, from and after the 1st day of May next, at Gilmertoun, upon Monday the 19th day of April current, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

John Sanderson overseer of the lime works at Gilmertoun, will show the Pitts.

For the Benefit of Mr WOODS,
(Not acted here these seven years.)

At the Theatre Royal, on SATURDAY next, the 17th current, will be performed a TRAGEDY, called
EDWARD AND ELEONORA,
Written by Thomson, (author of the Seasons, &c.) and lately *altered*, and acted in London with distinguished applause.

Edward, Prince of England, Mr WOODS;
Earl of Glo'ster, Mr Wilmot-wells;—Theald, Archdeacon of Liege, Mr Sutherland;—Gentleman, Mr Davis;—Assassin, Mr Bell;—Officer, Mr J. Bland;
And Selim, Sultan of Jaffa, Mr CAUTHERLEY.
Daraxa, the Arabian Princess, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS;
Young Prince and Princess, Master and Miss MILLS;
And Eleonora, Princess of England, Mrs BADDELEY.

The PROLOGUE to be spoken by Mr COLLINS.
The EPILOGUE, (written by the Author of the School for Scandal), by Mrs WILMOT-WELLS.

After the Play, a new *Local, Farcical, Musical*, Interlude, *(never yet acted)* called,
HALLOW FAIR.
Licensed by the LORD CHAMBERLAIN.

Young Riot, (the *Drunken Buck*) Mr WOODS;
Willy Wat, (from *Aberdeen*) Mr Sparks;—Duncan M'Grigor, (of *Edinburgh*) Mr Charteris;—Thomas, (the *Shopkeeper*) Mr Tannett; Recruiting Serjeant, Mr Hallion;—Serjeant of the Town-Guard, Mr J. Bland;—First Countryman, Mr Bell;
And Sellbargain, (the *Pedlar*) Mr MOSS.
Peggy, Mrs HENDERSON;
Mrs Doublescore, Mrs Charteris;—First Country Girl, Mrs Mills;
And Jenny, Miss MORRIS.

To which will be acted, the favourite Comedy *(in two acts)* of
THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE;
OR,
WHAT WE MUST ALL COME TO.
Written by the author of the Way to keep Him, All in the Wrong, &c.

Sir Charles Racket, Mr WOODS;
His First appearance in that Character.
Lovelace, Mr Tannett;—Woodley, Mr J. Bland;
And Drugget, Mr MOSS.
Mrs Drugget, Mrs CHARTERIS;
Dimity, Mrs Tannett;—Nancy, Mrs Mills;
And Lady Racket, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS.

Tickets to be had of Mr Woods, at his house in Syme's close, Calton; and of Mr Gibb at the Office of the Theatre, where places for the Boxes may be taken.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
And to be taken by the month,

A FURNISHED HOUSE, fit for the accommodation of a genteel family, having two good rooms on a floor with suitable offices.

The New Town will be preferred.—Application may be made to the Publisher.

TO COVER this Season, at Dalkeith, at ONE GUINEA a Mare to Gentlemen, and HALF-A-GUINEA to Farmers, with HALF-A-CROWN to the Groom,
YOUNG BAY MALTON,
Got by Samson, his dam by Old Cade, and brother to the famous Bay Malton. He stands fifteen hands and an half high, is remarkably strong, and every way qualified to get able Hunters.

Good Grass for Mares that come from a distance.

DALMUIR BLEACHFIELD, 1784.
Six Miles west from Glasgow, for 1784.

EDWARD COLLINS lays down Cloth as soon as the weather permits. The prices of Bleaching are as follow, viz.

ALL Plain Linen, yard-broad or under, wrought in any reed below

	Per yard.		Per yard.
1000,	at 2 d	Tweelings, Diapers, Satinets, not exceeding yard broad,	at 3½d
1000 and 1100,	at 2½d		
1200 and 1300,	at 3 d		
1400 and 1500,	at 3½d	Long Lawn and Cambric,	at 3 d
All above 1500,	at 4 d		

And all above yard-broad in proportion.

CLOTH is taken in at Edinburgh, by William Anderson, at the shop of James Grant and Co. West Bow; at Falkirk, by Thomas Dunmuir merchant; at Bathgate, by James Weir merchant; at Stirling, by William Brown merchant; at Alloa, by Matthew Brydie merchant; at Paisley, by John Weir bookseller; at Crawfurd's Dyke, by Mrs Edmond merchant; at Port-Glasgow, by Miss Bailey; at Lanark, by Mrs Young; at Biggar, by John Black merchant; at Ayr, by William Mitchell merchant; at Glasgow, by James Donaldson senior; and at the field, by Edward Collins paper-maker. At all which places receipts will be granted for the cloth—the receipt to be returned when the cloth is called for.

N. B. No cloth taken in for the above Field, exceeding 30 yards in one piece. The cloth will be delivered at the aforesaid places where it was received, all stamped and lapped. Two pence per piece charged for stamping and lapping.

Rossshire Bleachfield, at Culcairn, 1784,
On a good Green of a dry soil, and plenty of spring and river water.

WILLIAM TAIT, bred at the famous bleachfield of SALTON, and for twenty-four years constantly employed in every branch of the bleaching business as manager and master, lays down cloth as soon as the weather will permit, and bleaches without the use of rubbing boards, or any other machine or ingredients that may be in the least hurtful to the fabric of the cloth, at the following reasonable rates, viz.

700, three-fourths wide, at one penny halfpenny per yard.
800 and 900, at two pence.
1000 and 1100, two pence halfpenny.
1200, three pence.
1300 and all above, three pence halfpenny.
Cambrics, two pence halfpenny.
Lawns, two pence.
Cotton cloth or demitties, four pence.
Linen yarn, eight pence per spindle.
Diapers, sheetings, & tweelings, in proportion to their breadths.

Cloth taken in for this field at Inverness by Robert Rodgers merchant, and William Fraser, deacon of the weavers; at Dingwall, by George Mackay merchant; at Tain, by George Murray merchant; at Milntown, by John Montgomery merchant; at Cromarty, by Hugh Munro wheeller; at Bewly, by Alexander M'Rae merchant; and at the Bleachfield,—at all which places receipts will be given, and the cloth returned to these several places free of any charges.

William Tait, sensible of the obligations he owes to his friends and employers for several years back, has been at considerable expence and pains to render this field so complete, as to enable him to give them satisfaction, in hopes to merit the continuance of their favours, and establish the reputation and utility of this, the most convenient bleachfield for this and the neighbouring counties.

N. B. He also takes in Yarn to be Woven, and returned in cloth whitened.—No cloth or yarn to be returned without ready money.

The following is the PLAN *of*
A PUBLIC READING AND RECITATION,
Which will be given in DUNN'S ASSEMBLY ROOM,
TO-MORROW, the 15th of April,
BY MR SCOTT.

PART I.—DIDACTIC AND ARGUMENTATIVE PIECES.

On Gracefulness in Speaking,	CHESTERFIELD.
On the Aquisition of Knowledge,	ADDISON.
Against Pride,	STERNE.

PART II.—NARRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE PIECES.

Concise Passages,	VARIOUS AUTHORS.
Parting of Hector and Andromache,	HOMER.
L'Allegro, or the Merry Man,	MILTON.
The Passions,	COLLINS.

PART III.—SPEECHES AND SOLILOQUIES.

Anthony to the Roman People,	SHAKESPEARE.
Hamlet on his Mother's Marriage,	SHAKESPEARE.
Falstaff on the Virtues of Sack,	SHAKESPEARE.
Captain Bobadil's Method of Fighting,	BEN JOHNSON.
All the World's a Stage,	SHAKESPEARE.

PART IV.—DIALOGUES.

Scene in Venice Preserv'd,	OTWAY.
Scene in Lear,	SHAKESPEARE.
Scene in the Blunderer,	MOLIERE.

TO CONCLUDE WITH
Dryden's Alexander's Feast, or the Power of Music.

The doors of the assembly-room will be opened at half after twelve o'clock noon; the performance will begin precisely at one, and will conclude at about a quarter before three.

Tickets, price 3s. each, may be had at Mr Sibbald's circulating library, Parliament-square; and at Mr Scott's house, in Baillie Fife's Close.

This is the only public reading and recitation Mr Scott proposes to have in Edinburgh this season.

For the Benefit of Mr MOSS.
On MONDAY next, April the 19th, will be presented, a COMEDY, (never acted here), called, The
GOOD NATUR'D MAN,
OR THE
WHIMSICAL ALARM.

Honeywood, the Good-natur'd Man, Mr WOODS;
And Croaker, the Vapourish Man, Mr MOSS.
Garnet, Miss MORRIS;
And Miss Richland, Mrs WILMOTWELLS.

Between the Play and Farce, A New Comical INTERLUDE, called the
GOOD WOMAN WITHOUT A HEAD:
OR,
Diarmugh Macfinnan's Voyage to America.
The Good Woman without a Head, Mr MOSS.

To which will be added, (for this night only) a new Musical Farce, called,
LINGO'S WEDDING.
Being a Sequel to the Agreeable Surprise.

Lingo, (the Latin Scho[illegible]) Mr MOSS;
[illegible] Friendly, Mr Tannett; Compton, Mr Davis;
And Captain Charles Crosstrees, Mr HALLION.
Lady Friendly, Miss MORRIS.
Tabby, Mrs TANNETT;
And Mrs Tickletext, Mrs MILLS.

☞ Mr MOSS, willing to testify his gratitude for his very kind reception by the public in the character of LINGO, has procured a farce to be written, in which the subject is continued, and (he flatters himself) much heightened; by shewing Lingo, in the new lights of—*teaching his Scolars*;—*at the Club*, as *Preses*;—with his *Courtship*,—*Serenade*,—and his *Duel*.—He has been also at considerable expence in getting the license of the Lord Chamberlain, and in having the music adapted properly for the representation of the piece; on which have been bestowed suitable decorations. The Farce has been read to several Gentlemen of the first taste and erudition in this City, and been honoured with their entire approbation; this, with an unexceptionable play, and the humorous *Interlude*, furnish the bill of Fare; and Mr Moss respectfully hopes his assiduity to please will be taken as a proof of his grateful sense of the public favour.

Tickets to be had of Mr Moss, Gabriel's Road, New Town, and at Mr Charles White vintner on the Shore of Leith. Places for the Boxes to be taken, as usual, at the Theatre.

ROYAL ARCHER COMPANY.

THE President and Council have appointed the first Weekly Meeting at their Hall, Saturday next the 17th, and to be continued every Saturday during the season.

Dinner always on the table at half past three.

HOUSE AND WINDOW TAX OFFICE.

THE TAX upon Houses and Windows, or Lights and Inhabited Houses, for the year ended 5th April 1784, being now due, INTIMATION is hereby made to all Collectors, that they must pay over these taxes to the Receiver-General, on or before the 24th June next; and as no other intimation will be given, and that prosecutions will be immediately commenced against all them in arrear, it is intreated Collectors and their sureties will pay particular attention to this, and thereby prevent expence and trouble to themselves.

And whereas the General Surveyors, and also the Receiver-General, have discovered great inattention and inaccuracy in the surveys made by many of the Surveyors, particularly in the abstracts of the tax chargeable upon the clergy not being accurate, these are therefore notifying to all Surveyors of the said duties, that unless an accurate abstract of the duties chargeable upon the Established Clergy's Houses and Windows, and Inhabited Houses, are annexed to the respective surveys of every shire and royal borough, their negligence in that particular, as well as in every other omission of their duty, will be held as a neglect of their duty, and as such reported accordingly; and, after this public intimation, they will have themselves only to blame for the consequences.

Collectors are to take notice, that they are not to levy any of the aforesaid taxes from the Established Clergy till further orders.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDIN. April 10. 1784.
By Order of the Hon. Commissioners of Excise,

ON Friday the 23d of April instant, at twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to sale by public auction, in the Excise Warehouse at LEITH (pursuant to act of Parliament), the following Quantities of TEA and RAW COFFEE-BERRIES, seized and condemned as forfeited, viz.

62	Libs. weight of Green Tea, contained in a box, appraised at	8 s. 6d.	per lib.
4200	Libs. weight of Black Tea, ditto in boxes, at	6 s. 3d.	ditto.
2349	Libs. weight of ditto, ditto, in ditto and bags, at	6 s.	ditto.
73	Libs. weight of ditto, ditto, in bags, at	5 s. 6d.	ditto.
54	Libs. weight of ditto, ditto, in ditto, at	5 s.	ditto.
1234	Libs. weight of ditto, ditto, ditto, at	3 s. 6d.	ditto.
601	Libs. weight of ditto, ditto, ditto, at	3 s.	ditto.
141	Libs. weight of Raw Coffee-Berries, at	1 s. 6d.	ditto.

Together with any other Parcels that shall have arrived before the day of sale.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of sale to be seen at the above-mentioned warehouse, on Wednesday preceding, and the morning of the day of sale.

1800

From the LONDON GAZETTE, *April* 10.

St James's, April 7.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Archibald Macdonald, Esq; one of his Majesty's Counsel, to be his Solicitor-General, in the room of Richard Pepper Arden, Esq; now his Majesty's Attorney-General.

Petersburgh, March 16. The Empress has just issued an edict, giving leave to all foreigners, of what nation or country soever, to carry on a free and unlimited trade, both by sea and land, with the several countries bordering upon the Euxine, which have lately been annexed to the Russian dominion; and allotting specially to such foreign merchants the ports of Cherson, in the government of Catherinoslaw, Sebastopolis, (formerly called Acht-iar) and Theodosia (formerly Caffa) both in the province of Taurica, where they may reside, and carry on their traffick, with the same immunities and privileges, religious and civil, as are allowed in this city and at Archangel.

Crown-Office, April 10.

MEMBERS *returned for the ensuing Parliament.*

City of Lincoln.

John Fenton Cawthorne, Esq;

The Honourable Richard Lumley Savile, Esq;

County of Oxford.

The Right Honourable Charles Spencer, commonly called Lord Charles Spencer.

The Right Honourable Philip Wenman, commonly called Lord Viscount Wenman, of Tuam, in the kingdom of Ireland.

University of Oxford.

Sir William Dolben, Bart. of Thingdon, in the county of Northampton.

Francis Page, Esq; of Middle Aston, in the county of Oxford.

City of Oxford.

The Right Honourable Robert Spencer, commonly called Lord Robert Spencer.

The Honourable Peregrine Bertie.

Borough of New Woodstock.

Sir Henry Watkin Dashwood, Bart.

Francis Burton, Esq;

Borough of Banbury.

Sir Frederick North, Knight of the Most Honourable Order of the Garter, commonly called Lord North.

War Office, April 10. 1784.

2d Regiment of dragoons, Cornet Alexander Sandilands is appointed to be Lieutenant, vice Emanuel Walton.

1st Regiment of Foot Guards, Cornet Robert Cheney, of the 6th regiment of dragoons, to be Ensign, vice George Duffe.

9th Regiment of foot, Captain William Hovy, on the half pay of the 9th foot, to be Captain of a Company, vice James Kemmis.

18th Regiment of foot, Robert Bell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Ferguson.

20th Regiment of foot, Surgeon's Mate —— Carrell to be Surgeon, vice Mathew Cahill.

14th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant James Grant to be Adjutant, vice John Whitlocke.

[illegible] Lade, on the half pay of the 59th regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Samuel [illegible]

23d Regiment of foot, William Graham, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice —— Hills. Captain Richard Julian, of 44th regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Honourable Lionel Smith.

25th Regiment of foot, Ensign William Briggs to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Berney. Lord Robert Fitzgerald to be Ensign, vice William Briggs.

56th Regiment of foot, Ensign Mundeford Allen, on half pay of the 25th regiment, to be Ensign, vice Francis Craig.

44th Regiment of foot, Captain Honourable Lionel Smyth, of 23d Regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Richard Julian.

68th Regiment of foot, Ensign David Waugh, on the half pay of the late 83d regiment, to be Ensign, vice Charles Denroch.

71st Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Ross to be Captain of a Company, vice Charles Menzies. Lieutenant Henry Graham, on the half pay of the 42d regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander M'Laren.

80th Regiment of foot, Ensign George Duffe, of the 1st Foot Guards, to be Captain of a Company, vice John Murray.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, *April* 9.

The Agnes, Bailey, sailed from Jamaica in December last, and is put back very leaky.

Captain Walker, of the Alert, arrived at Africa from Bristol, on the 9th of November spoke the Lyon, Captain Hicks, from London for Angola, in lat. 6. 42. N. and 14. W. from London.

The Robert and Sally, Brown, from London to Lancaster, was totally lost off Scilly the 26th ult.

Londonderry, 2. Put into Loughswilly dismasted, the ——, Harris, of Workington, from Virginia to Liverpool.

The Peggy, (supposed Captain Bean) from London to Charlestown, was off the Bar the 14th of February.

The Betsey, Watson, from London to New York, was spoke the 18th of February in lat. 20. 20. long. 57. 30. all well.

Londonderry, 30. The Charlotte, Maine, from Drumthem to Newry, is put on shore on the Back Strand of Magilligan; the ship will be entirely lost, most of the cargo, if not the whole (being deal boards) will be saved.

The Maria, Wood, from Hull to the Baltic, is lost near the Sound.

The Priscilla, Ratcliffe, from Shields to London, is lost near Yarmouth, only the master and two men saved.

The Dorothy, Johnson, was lost coming out of Shields harbour.

Elsinore, March 27. The 24th, little wind at NE and NNE, with clear weather. The 25th, a fresh breeze at SE and SSE. Yesterday it blew fresh at SE and NE with a fall of snow. This day a fresh breeze and strong frost, wind NW and NNW; the current has carried a great deal of ice out of the Sound. By report of some fishermen this day from Sweden, two English vessels were yesterday seen by the Cole, but suppose are kept back by the ice, and will, we hope, run for a harbour in Norway.

Elsinore, March 30. The Sound continues full of ice, and the frost severe as ever. The 28th, wind SW, almost calm and clear. Yesterday, SE and ESE, a fresh breeze. This day, ENE, and a keen frost. Also there is advice from Marstrand, that the Catharine, Brummit, from Hull, had got in there by the help of the Diving Company, and would undergo some repair; she was bound to Koningsburg.

From the London Papers, April 10.

Malta, March 1. A squadron is fitting out, by order of the Grand Master, which is to join that of Venice, to go on an expedition against Tunis; after which the two fleets are to join the Spanish fleet in an attack upon the city of Algiers.

Berlin, March 30. According to the letters from Warsaw, fresh difficulties have arisen respecting the city of Dantzic, which make it apprehended the conferences will be interrupted. However, it is hoped they will be recommenced as soon as the courier, which is dispatched to Petersburgh, returns. These letters add, that the Russians are marching towards the frontiers of Poland.

It is assured that the King of Sweden will visit this city on his return to his kingdom.

Utrecht, April 5. We have just learned, that M. de Thulemeyer, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Prussia, sent a letter the 30th ult. to their High Mightinesses, from the King his master, since which there is nothing else talked of in the city, as this letter is said to be of the utmost importance to the republic.

Politics are so profoundly mysterious at Venice, that we hear of the Bey of Tunis declaring war against that republic, without knowing the occasion of the quarrel; we have just learned, however, that the foundation of it was laid above a year ago.

Rotterdam, April 5. On Saturday night, this whole city was in an uproar. The Burgher Company under Lieutenant Colonel Jean-Jacob Elsevier, whose turn it was to mount guard at the Stadthouse, had drawn up as usual for that purpose, under Lieutenant Swyndrecht, when they were assailed by a very numerous mob, crying *Vivat Orange* (Long live the Prince of Orange) who threatened to force two of the Burghers, whom they particularly disliked, from their ranks. The company attempted to march to their post, but the crowd was so great, that they could not get on. Orders were then given to fire, which they did, and wounded seven or eight people. As soon as this was heard at the Stadthouse, the alarm bell was rung; the firing dispersed the mob for a few minutes, but they soon assembled in greater force, and when the company got to the Stadthouse, they were most violently attacked, and obliged to fire several times, by which many persons were killed. Two or three of the foremost in the affray were then taken, and put into confinement. Two of the wounded, of which there are a vast number, are since dead, and six are dying. In the morning, every thing seemed quiet. On Sunday night, Mr Wierop's company mounted guard, having mostly orange coloured cockades in their hats. The disturbance seems at this moment to be increasing. There is an immense mob about the Stadthouse, who demand first, that the prisoners be released; secondly, That the Volunteers (a corps in opposition to the Orange Interest) be abolished; and, thirdly, a Fiat is to the request of the Burghers. The whole place is in an uproar. God grant us a speedy end to this disturbance, but we fear it will have some dreadful consequences, as it seems to be a contest between the Orange Interest and the opposite party.

L O N D O N.

MEMBERS returned for the New Parliament.

Barnstaple.	William Devaynes, Esq. * †	
	John Cleveland, Esq.	
Berkshire.	Geo. Vansittart, Esq. * †	678
	Hen. James Pye, Esq. * †	677
Unsuccessful.	Winch. H. Hartley, Esq.	301
Berwick.	Lord Delaval.	
	Hon. Gen. Vaughan.	
Brecon Town.	Sir Charles Gould, Knt.	
Buckingham Town.	Right Hon. James Grenville.	
	Edmund Nugent, Esq. * ‡	
Caermarthen Town.	George Philips, Esq.	
Edinburgh City.	James Hunter-Blair, Esq.	
Flint Town.	Watkin Williams, Esq.	
Great-Grimsby.	John Harrison, Esq.	
	Dudley Long, Esq.	
Helston.	Lord Hyde.	
	John Rogers, Esq. * ‡	
Huntingdonshire.	Earl Ludlow.	
	Lord Visc. Hinchingbroke.	
Hythe.	Sir C. F. Ratcliffe, Bart.	61
	William Evelyn, Esq.	56
Unsuccessful.	John Sawbridge, Esq.	38
St Ives.	William Praed, Esq.	
	Richard Barwell, Esq.	
Marlborough.	Earl of Courtown.	
	Sir Philip Hales, Bart. * ‡	
Monmouth Town.	Sir John Stepney, Bart.	
Morpeth.	Peter Delme, Esq.	
	Sir James Erskine, Bart.	
Northallerton.	Henry Peirse, Esq.	
	Edwin Lascelles, Esq.	
Oxfordshire.	Lord Charles Spencer.	
	Lord Viscount Wenman.	
Penryn.	Sir Francis Basset, Bart.	
	Sir John St Aubin, Bart.	
Preston.	Right Hon. Gen. Burgoyne.	536
	Sir Henry Houghton, Bart.	531
Unsuccessful.	Ralph Clayton, Esq.	228
	Michael A. Taylor, Esq.	225

The return of General Burgoyne and Sir H. Houghton, will be contested.

Richmond, Yorkshire.	Earl of Inchiquin. * ‡	
	Charles Dundas, Esq.	
Staffordshire.	Sir Edw. Littleton, Bart. * †	
	Sir John Wrottesley, Bart.	
Suffolk.	Sir John Rous, Bart.	1652
	Joshua Grigby, Esq. * †	1283
Unsuccessful.	Sir T. C. Bunbury, Bart.	739
Taunton.	Benjamin Hammet, Esq.	
	Alexander Popham, Esq. * ‡	
Tewksbury.	James Martin, Esq.	266
	Sir W. Codrington, Bart.	210
Unsuccessful.	John Embury, Esq.	150
Thetford.	Sir Charles Kent, Bart. * †	
	George Jennings, Esq. * ‡	
Thirske.	Sir T. Frankland, Bart. * †	
	Sir G. Page Turner, Bart. * †	
Wells.	Clement Tudway, Esq.	
	William Beckford, Esq. * ‡	
Yarmouth, Norfolk.	Sir John Jervis, K. B. †	
	Henry Beaufoy, Esq. †	
Yorkshire.	William Wilberforce, Esq. †	
	Henry Duncombe, Esq.	
York City.	Lord Visc. Galway.	1086
	R. S. Milnes, Esq. * †	1019
Unsuccessful.	Lord John Cavendish.	911
	Sir W. Milner, Bart.	802

Those marked thus (*) were not in the last Parliament.

† Elected instead of Members in the interest of Mr Fox.

‡ Elected instead of Members who voted for Mr Pitt.

At the close of the poll for Westminster, this day, the numbers stood as follow:

Lord Hood	—	5218
Sir Cecil Wray		4788
Mr Fox	—	4472

This day the Sheriffs met again at Guildhall, to make a declaration of the late poll for representatives in Parliament for the city of London, when, on casting up the books, the numbers that voted for each candidate were found to be as given in our paper of Tuesday last. But a scrutiny being demanded in favour of Mr Atkinson, and *vice versa* for Mr Sawbridge, against Mr Atkinson, the same was agreed to, and the necessary books and lists ordered to be prepared for the purpose.

The last scrutiny for the city of London happened fifty years ago, viz. Tuesday the 9th of April, 1734, and it is remarkable that the majority, on the close of the poll, was then as now, only *seven*, the numbers being

For Bosworth	3326
Selwyn	3319

On the scrutiny it appeared that four persons had polled (for Bosworth) whose company had no livery, viz. two gardeners, one druggist, and one long-bow string-maker, which reduced the total number of legal voters to 6641; and the number of voters disqualified on each side being exactly 100, Mr Bosworth was declared duly elected by a majority of *three*.

When a scrutiny is demanded, the candidates are immediately to nominate six scrutineers, and the presiding officer, within six days, to deliver a true copy of the poll, signed by him. The scrutiny is then to begin within ten days after, and must be proceeded on day by day (Sundays excepted) to finish within fifteen days. Within four days after the scrutiny is finished, declaration is to be made which of the candidates is duly elected, with the number of legal voters on the scrutiny.

Many well meaning politicians entertain the idea, that shortening the duration of Parliaments will effectually remove that corruption, from whence all our misfortunes have arisen: but others, upon more probable grounds, are of opinion, that unless the representation is upon a more *adequate* footing, the disease, though it may be palliated, cannot be effectually cured.

There are several Boroughs, where the electors do not amount to 20, the small number of which makes the expence of coming in easy; obtain 11 of the 20, and the place is secured. There are also 31 Boroughs, in none of which the electors amount to 40 in number, and when the *personal* influence is considered, (money out of the question) arising from tenantship and other dependencies, it is most likely the majority of these forty may be obtained without any considerable charge.

This shameful mockery of representation cannot be better illustrated, than by the following comparison:

	Members.		*Electors.*
Grampound sends	2 —	Electors are only	9
Newton —	2 —	Ditto —	1
Marlborough,	2 —	Ditto —	3
Old Sarum —	2 —	Ditto —	1
Here are	8	sent by	14
London sends	4 —	Electors above	7000 !
Westminster	2 —	Ditto	6000 !
Bo. of Southw.	2 —	Electors	2400 !
Here we see only	8	sent by	15400 !

O Tempora ! O Mores !

The following gentlemen are chosen Governors and Directors of the Bank of England.

RICHARD NEAVE, Esq. Governor.

GEORGE PETERS, Esq. Deputy Governor.

S. Bearcroft, Esq.	Edward Payne, Esq.
Roger Boehm, Esq.	William Snell, Esq.
Daniel Booth, Esq.	G. Thornton, Esq.
Samuel Basanquet, Esq.	Mark Weyland, Esq.
Richard Clay, Esq.	B. Long, jun. Esq.
William Cooke, Esq.	Job. Matthew, Esq.
Edward Darell, Esq.	James Maude, Esq.
William Ewer, Esq.	Joseph Nutt, Esq.
Peter Gaussen, Esq.	Isaac Osborne, Esq.
William Halhed, Esq.	Christopher Puller, Esq.
George Hayter, Esq.	Samuel Thornton, Esq.
T. S. Jackson, Esq.	Brook Watson, Esq.

On Wednesday Lieutenant Colonel Franks arrived at the Secretary of State's Office from America, with the ratification, on the part of Congress, of the treaties concluded with the United States by Great Britain and the other powers engaged in the late war. About three o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr Franks set off for Paris.

Letters from Amsterdam, which arrived yesterday, mention accounts to have been received from Batavia, that some very disagreeable disputes had arisen between the English garrison of Trinquemale, aud the Dutch commandant, who had been sent to take possession of that fortress according to the fifth article of the Treaty of Pacification. In consequence of which, the Governor of Batavia had dispatched a frigate to the English Chief at Madras, complaining in very high terms of this infringement of the Preliminary articles.

The above transaction, it is said, owes its origin to the intrigues of the French, who by no means wishes affairs to remain quiet in the East Indies. Every engine of corruption has been exerted by that political power to detach the States of Holland from their connexion with this country, since the breaking out of the American war, and it is well known they have been too successful.

On Tuesday last, was opened in Westminster Abbey, the monument, which, by a vote of Parliament, is erected to the late Earl of Chatham. There are figures in this monument, and yet the idea on which it was designed is the simplest possible. Lord Chatham, with Prudence and Fortitude on a sarcophagus, occupy the upper part; the lower group consists of Britannia, seated on a rock, with the Ocean and the Earth at her feet, by which is exhibited the effect of his wisdom and fortitude, in the greatness and glory of the nation. The statue of the Earl is in his parliamentary robes; he is in the action of speaking, the right hand thrown forward and elevated, and the whole attitude strongly expressing that species of oratory for which his Lordship was so justly celebrated. Prudence has her usual symbols, a serpent twisted round a mirror; Fortitude is characterised by the shaft of a column, and is cloathed in a lion's skin. The energy of this figure strongly contrasts the repose and contemplative character of the figure of Prudence; Britannia, as mistress of the sea, holds in her right hand the trident of Neptune; Ocean is entirely naked except that his symbol the dolphin is so managed that decency is perfectly secured with the least possible detriment to the statue; his action is agitated, and his countenance severe, which is opposed by the utmost ease in the figure of the Earth, who is leaning on a terrestrial globe, her head is crowned with fruits which also lies in some profusion on the plinth of the statue. This monument is the work of Mr Bacon, the same artist who executed that erected to his Lordship at Guildhall. The inscription is as follows:

Erected by the [illegible]

As a Testimony to

The Virtues and Ability

of

William Pitt, Earl of Chatham;

During whose Administration

Divine Providence

Exalted Great Britain

To an height of Prosperity and Glory

Unknown to any former age.

The Americans are forming a commercial system to meet that of this country, and of those nations who have restricted their carrying their own produce to the ports of those pro-

nations. The following is the circular letter written [from] Philadelphia to the merchants of the other great trading [towns] in America, and has been so generally approved, that re[strictions] will soon be laid on the trade of all those nations, [particu]larly the British, who, both in their prohibitions and [strict]ness of execution, have manifested greater severity than o[thers]:

"Gentlemen, *Philadelphia, Jan. 3. 1784.*

THE merchants of Philadelphia, impressed with a sense [of the] importance of commerce, and of the propriety of its be[ing] governed by such regulations as may best promote its use[fulne]ss both to the nation and to individuals, have appointed [the] subscribers, as a Committee of their number, to take these [great] objects into consideration, and devise measures for the [advan]cement of these salutary purposes. On comparing the [pres]ent state of our commercial regulations, with those of other [nat]ions, the contrast exhibits such striking circumstances of [disa]dvantage to the citizens of the United States, as seem to [call] for general attention. We therefore take the liberty to [addr]ess you as fellow-citizens having a common concern in the [obj]ects in contemplation.

"Our ports remain open to all nations, without restriction [or d]iscrimination. Foreigners of any description may enter [the]m with their ships and merchandize, and depart at pleasure [wit]h whatever articles they may choose to take, on terms of [per]fect equality with our own citizens. But the citizens of [the] United States do not meet with equal freedom in the ports [of] other nations. The Courts of Europe, well aware that it [is] one of the first objects of a commercial people to find the [bes]t market for their manufactures, and wishing to facilitate [th]e introduction of their products into this country, have not yet denied our vessels an entrance into their home-ports with [su]ch articles as might lawfully be admitted from hence in their [ow]n ships; though some of them, particularly the British, [h]ave subjected our vessels to greater imposts than their own. —But it is in their Colonies that we must look for a mar[ket] for a large proportion of our commodities; and there [w]e find restrictions in some, and prohibitions in others, which [no]t only abridge us in the choice of a market, but aim at de[pri]ving us of the common right of being the carriers of our [ow]n property; a right at once so highly important to the inter[est]s of individuals, and to those national benefits which arise [fro]m the cultivation of marine affairs as a nursery for ships and [sea]men.

"These circumstances are too well known to need more [par]ticular mention on this occasion, and their consequences too [ev]ident to be acquiesced in without seeking a remedy. It is [cert]ainly the right of every sovereign power to regulate and [con]troul the commerce of their own ports: We must, there[fo]re, look to the judicious exercise of our own rights for this [atta]inment of those advantages and reciprocal benefits in com[mer]ce to which our situation and circumstances fairly intitle us. [T]o do this with propriety and due effect, may require time [an]d deliberation. The subject is of great magnitude, and in[vo]lves in it many important considerations, which peculiarly [c]laim the attention of those experienced in commerce.

"Presuming that our brethren in the other States feel them[se]lves equally interested with us in these considerations, and [w]ishing to harmonize with them in whatever measures may be adopted, we content ourselves, for the present, with making a general tender of our efforts in the common cause, without venturing to suggest any particular mode for their operation.

"We cannot suppose it necessary to apologize for the freedom we use in making this overture, and in requesting a free communication of our sentiments and opinions as speedily as possible; nor can we doubt but that you will cheerfully co-operate with us in a business of such great and general concernment.

We are, with due respect,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient

and most humble servants,

Charles Petit.	Thomas Fitzsimons.
J. M. Nesbitt.	J. Ross.
Isaac Hazlehurst.	Clement Biddle.
John Nixon.	

To the Merchants in ———."

PRICE OF STOCKS, April 10.

Bank Stock, shut, 117¾ a ⅞.	Ditto unpaid, 10 a 13 disc.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, shut, 75½ a ¾.	South Sea Stock, —
4 per cent. — 59⅞.	3 per cent. Old Ann. shut.
3 per cent. red. shut, 58¾ a ⅞.	Ditto New Ann. —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Ditto 1751, —
Long Ann. 17 13-16ths a ⅞.	Exchequer Bills, par a 1 disc.
Short Ann. 1778, 12 9-16ths a ⅝.	Navy Bills, 18¼ disc.
India Stock, shut.	3 per cent. Scrip. —
3 per cent. Ann. —	4 per cent. Scrip. —
India Bonds paid, —	Light Long Ann. —

E D I N B U R G H.

Extract of a letter from London, April 10.

"The noise about elections begins somewhat to subside. It is evident that a very great majority of members will be returned in favour of the present Ministry. The rejection of Lord John Cavendish at York, and the *certain* defeat of Mr Fox in Westminster, were there no other proofs or symptoms of this political event, might alone be considered as arguments that it will infallibly happen. In the mean time, Mr Fox is indefatigable in his efforts to turn the tide against him, by night and by day: But so general is the prejudice against him, that it is thought he cannot succeed. The great body of those that have both a right and inclination to vote, are already polled. You may now walk through Covent Garden from one corner of it to another.

"Next to the elections, the particular circumstance which distinguishes the present day in this metropolis, is, the vast concourse here of foreigners of all ranks, but especially from France. Every body allows that there never was so great a number of French in London as at present. The French nation has undoubtedly acquired, of late years, no small glory and by their signal [illegible] arms, by their pursuits in science, a spirit of adventure and of travelling, and shewing themselves, [illegible] of spirit, a pride, is the natural result of the glories I have just mentioned. But, whatever be the cause, the effect is certain. At every turn you meet a *Croix de St Louis*. I wonder how all the poor veterans, in so expensive a place, make a shift to live.

"The Marquis of Bouillé, the Duke of Charteris, the Count Lauzanne, the Marquis of Conflans, with others of the French Noblesse, are much with his Majesty, who talks with them in the French language with great fluency. I have been in company with some of our French visitors at different times. They express the highest esteem and veneration for Englishmen. They regret that there should ever be any difference between the two first nations in the world. "*Les Anglois et les François sont veritablement des hommes. Pour les autres.*"—Here they are silent; but their grins, squirts with their mouth, and the action of their hands and head, express much more than could be done by words. They express a confident hope that the progress of philosophy, humanity, and commerce, will one day wear off all antipathies, and unite the French and English in interests and affections, as they are already united by nature."

The London Gazette brought by this day's post, contains addresses to his Majesty from the boroughs of Hertford—and Langport Eastover.

Monday last died here, Mr Thomas Hogg, late banker in Edinburgh.

Sir James Duff was unanimously elected Member of Parliament for the shire of Banff, the 8th current.

Hew Dalrymple, Esq; is unanimously re-elected representative for the county of East Lothian.

The Sheriff of Invernessshire has fixed Thursday the 29th of April, for the election of that county.

James Townsend Oswald, Esq; is chosen delegate for the town of Burntisland.

The Council and Magistrates of Aberdeen have unanimously elected William Young, Esq; present Provost, to be their delegate at the ensuing election of a Member for that district, which is to be held at Bervie.

The Magistrates and Council of Dumfries, on Saturday last, made choice of John M'Murdo, Esq; Chamberlain to his Grace the Duke of Queensberry, to be their delegate; and on Monday the burgh of Lochmaben made choice of Robert Maxwell, Esq; Provost of that burgh, their delegate, at the ensuing election; both which gentlemen are in the interest of Sir James Johnstone, Bart. who, it is said, will be the successful candidate for that district of burghs.

A few days ago twenty-five guineas were found in the charity box of the hospital of Dumfries, which had been privately put in by some charitable person, which has afforded a seasonable assistance to that house in this dear season.

The Friendship, Ritchie, arrived at Leith from London this morning.

Letter from a Gentleman in the parish of Skene, April 8.

"On Tuesday last, John Ronald in Riddich, in this parish, had gone to deliver a cow that he had sold to a man in Rogers-hill, a neighbouring farm. At night his neighbours were surprised that he had not returned, but concluded, that as he had no family, he had been prevailed upon to spend a night with a relation, who lives near the man to whom he had sold the cow. As he did not make his appearance on Wednesday night, they set out in search of him on Thursday morning; and found him lying drowned with his face in a small rivulet, which lies in the hollow ground to the north of the Concraig road, between Rogers-hill and hill of Cure. The poor man was infirm, and considerably advanced in life. He was liable to be suddenly seized with a distress called by the country people the griping gout. When it came upon him, it generally overwhelmed him with sickness, and instantaneously deprived him of the use of his limbs. As the place in which he was drowned, could not be dangerous even to a child, his death is attributed to a sudden attack of this distemper."

The following curious paragraph is extracted from the New York Morning Post of the 10th February; it will show the temper and spirit of the Americans, and their abhorrence of a set of unfortunate men who adhered to their loyalty, and the mother country.

Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, Feb. 4.

"On Saturday last was whipped at the cart's tail, for robbery, one of George the Third's pretty subjects. This fellow now goes by the name of Captain Phillips, and under his good friend Sir Harry Clinton learned such a knack of thieving, while he commanded a whale-boat along this coast, under his good master, that now having lost his protection, he, with a number more of those lads called Loyalists, are swarming among us, and have set up business in a small way; and though many of them may not chuse to steal themselves, yet, by harbouring and encouraging others, may do much mischief to the good inhabitants of these states."

On the 2d instant, the important question of Protecting Duties came on in the Irish House of Commons. After a long debate, the question was negatived on a division 123 against 57. Majority 86.

Had the above question on *equalizing* duties, that is, the putting Irish and British commodities upon the same footing in point of duty paid, been carried, it would have made the difference of some hundred thousands per annum against the trade of Great Britain, and would have operated particularly on the articles of wrought sugars and woollens.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, April 6.

"Yesterday, about five hundred distressed manufacturers, rendered desperate by the decision of Friday night, (against the protecting duties) assembled about the Parliament House, and expressed by hisses, groans, &c. their disapprobation of the members who voted against the question; some of the mob forced into the gallery, from whence they began to harrangue the members; but the magistrates and a party of the military arriving at the time, two were apprehended and committed to the New Goal, and the rest were dispersed.

"In consequence of this disturbance, the guards were doubled at the Castle, at the main and other city guards; the troops in garrison at the barracks were kept under arms, and at night patroles of horse and foot paraded through the city, to preserve the public peace.

"On Saturday next his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant will proceed to the House of Peers in the usual state, to give the royal assent to such bills as may then be ready, after which he will prorogue the Parliament."

To the Worthy Provosts, Magistrates, Guild, *and* Trades Counsellors, Conveners, *and* Deacons *of the* Incorporated Trades of PERTH, DUNDEE, St ANDREWS, CUPAR, *and* FORFAR.

Gentlemen,

I thank you for the honour done me, by the early, public, and unanimous declaration you have made, of your intention to chuse me your representative in the present Parliament. In return, I shall persevere in considering this great trust as a delegation for your benefit, and not my own. I have the honour to be, with great respect,

Gentlemen, your devoted and obliged

humble servant,

London, April 8. 1784. GEORGE DEMPSTER.

Selkirk, April 9. 1784.

This day, the Magistrates and Town Council here, unanimously agreed to give their vote to Captain Moore for representing them in the ensuing Parliament. On this occasion, his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh, accompanied by his Grace the Duke of Hamilton, and several Gentlemen in the neighbourhood, gave an elegant entertainment to the Magistrates and Council. The Magistrates and Council, and the several Incorporations of the burgh, with the banners of their respective trades displayed, next day waited upon the noble Dukes, and the candidate, and walked with them in procession from the Cross to the extremity of the burgh's territory, where they took their carriages.

Queensferry, April 14. 1784.

AT a Meeting of the Magistrates and Town-Council of this burgh, held to-day, at the request of Colonel James Francis Erskine, the Colonel appeared, and offered himself a candidate to represent them in the ensuing Parliament. After hearing him at great length, he retired, when the Council unanimously declared their choice in favour of Major James Campbell, their late member, to be their representative. And a letter to that purpose was immediately sent to Colonel Erskine, informing him, at the same time, that, as they were thus determined, it was unnecessary for him to be at any further trouble in soliciting them.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, April 13.—Fairntosh Packet, Munro, from Dysart, with coals; Mally, Lighton, from Montrose, with goods; Friendship, Milne, from Aberdeen, with goods; Kincardine, Hodge, from Kinkeppell, with whisky; Providence, M'Iver, from Easdale, with slates; Friendship, Forsyth, from Rotterdam, with goods.—14. Cambus, Campbell, from Lynn, with barley.

Sailed.—Fairntosh Packet, Munro, for Fairntosh, with coals; Concord, Porteous, for Memel, in ballast; Oughton Tender, Ross, for Riga, with ditto; Friendship, Liddle, for Greenland, with ditto; Peggie, M'Laren, for Inverness, with goods; Swift, Wilson, for Aberdeen, with goods; Fortune, Charteris, for Orkney, with lime; Eliza, Samson, for Memel, in ballast; Hawk, Gray, for Shetland, with goods; Ann, Slater, for ditto, ditto.

DUNN's ROOMS.

By Desire of several Ladies and Gentlemen,

THERE will be AN ASSEMBLY on Friday next, the 16th curt. To begin at seven o'clock.

Tickets (3 s. each) to be had at the Hotel.

TEAS, SPIRITS, WINES, and SUGARS.

JAMES ROBERTSON, at the Gottenburgh Tea Warehouse, head of the Broad Wynd, Leith, has just now got to hand a large Stock of TEAS, SPIRITS, WINES, and SUGARS; which he is selling at very low prices, in wholesale and retail, for ready money.

The goods are warranted all genuine, and will be found so upon trial.

N. B. A few Casks of the very best DURHAM MUSTARD.

Feuing Ground in the Extended Royalty.

At Edinburgh, the 14th day of April, 1784.

WHICH day, the Right Honourable the Lord Provost, the Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh being assembled; it was reported from the Lord Provost's Committee, That they, having considered his Lordship's motion as to the present method of feuing ground in the extended Royalty, and being satisfied that abstracting from the great expence of purchasing grounds, and building the Bridge, the purchase-money hitherto received, is only equal to the expence laid out in making common Seiters, Levelling, Paving the Streets, and other incidental charges upon the extended Royalty itself. They were, therefore, of opinion, that to the present feu-duty fifty per cent. should be added in time coming; and that, alongst with the purchase-money now payable, each feuer should pay the expence of the common pipe that runs alongst the front of his feu as formerly, as the said report bears. Which being considered by the Magistrates and Council, they approved of the said report, and did, and hereby do resolve and enact accordingly; and further appointed this their resolution to be published in the Edinburgh news-papers.

Extracted forth of the Council Records of the City of Edinburgh, by

ALEXr. DUNCAN, Depute.

SALE of LANDS in CROMARTIE-SHIRE.

TO be sold by voluntary roup and sale, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 29th day of July next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of EASTER AIRD, and Lands of Easter Tarbat, and Mickle Tarrell, with the mills, tiends, fishings, fisher-crofts, harbours and ports of Whitehaven, and Portmaholmack, and port dues of Tarbet, and whole other privileges, emoluments, and pertinents of the same; lying within the parish of Tarbat, and formerly within the shire of Ross, but now, by annexation, within the shire of Cromarty.

The gross yearly rent of the lands is 1014 bolls, 2 firlots, 3 pecks victual, and 39 l. 2 s. 11½ Sterling of money, and converted casualties.

The lands hold of the Crown, and pay cess conform to a valuation of 1972 l. 13 s. 4 d. Scots. They are pleasantly situated along the sea shore of East Ross, having an extensive fishery, the German ocean being on the east, the Murray Frith on the south, and the Frith of Tain on the north. The lands are very improvable, and by that means the rents may be considerably raised.

The progress of writs, which are clear, rental, and articles of roup, may be seen in the hands of David Lothian writer, at his house Riddel's close, Lawn-market; and any person inclining to make a private bargain, may apply to John Hay, accomptant in Edinburgh.

KINCHEY BLEACHFIELD, 1784.

ALEXANDER STEUART and COMPANY bleach, in the best manner, at the following prices, viz.

	Per Yard.		Per Yard.
900, at	2 d.	1800 and all above,	6 d.
1000, —	2½ d.	Damasks,	4 d.
1100, —	3 d.	Diapers, Cottons, and Cambricks,	3 d.
1200, —	3½ d.	Lawns,	2½ d.
1300, —	4 d.	Tweels, 3 d. 4 d. and	5 d.
1400, and 1500,	4½ d.		
1600, and 1700,	5 d.		

CLOTH FOR THIS FIELD IS TAKEN IN BY

George Dewar merchant, Luckenbooths,
William Dawson merchant, Lawn Market,
John Ronaldson merchant, opposite the Fountain Well,
William Scott merchant, Grass Market,
Angus Robertson, at Mr Campbell's lint-shop, West Bow,
Joseph Spence tobacconist, Bristo Street,
William Hume wright, Canongate,
} Edinburgh.

Mrs Bonthron, on the Bridge, Leith; Robert Dickson merchant, Musselburgh; John Hunden weaver, Prestonpans; James Dalgleish weaver, Tranent; James Ronaldson mason, Dalkeith; David Brown weaver, Lauder; John Low merchant, Fala; William Brown sadler, Dunbar; Mrs Campbell, ditto; David Somervail merchant, North Berwick; William Weir merchant, Linton; John Forrest merchant, Haddington; Robert Moir manufacturer, Ormiston; and at the Bleachfield. At all which places, receipts will be given.

N. B. The satisfaction which A. STEUART and CO. are glad to understand their employers have received, encourages them to hope for the future favour of the Public. To merit which, the greatest attention will be given.

TO be SOLD on Monday the 26th April, 1784, at M'Kechnie's Inn, Greenock, at one o'clock,

THE ESTHER,

A new Archangel built ship, 500 tons burden, well found. Her dimensions are, 13 feet 2 inches depth in her hold, 6 feet 2 inches deep between decks, clear of the beams, and 3[?] feet beams, and 105 feet keel.

The inventory to be seen, by applying to Mess. Robert Dunlop, or Lawrence Craigie, merchants, Glasgow, or Mr John Laird, Greenock.

ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH, April 12.—James and Alexander, Johnstone, from Alemouth, with oats; Ann, Ritchie, from Montrose, with malt; Betty, Sharp, from Queensferry, with wheat; Ann, Lyall, from Leith, with sundries; True Blue, Rodgers, from Leith, with oil; Jean and Mary, Nielson, from Berwick, with oats; Jean and Janet, Miller, from Alloa, with wheat and oats; Mercury, Kincaid, from Borrowstounness, with oak planks; Borrowstounness, Shaw, from ditto, with sundries.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK, April 9.—Peggy, Munn, from Fort-William, with lead.—10. Edward, Morrison, from Dublin, with goods.—11. Elisabeth, Callendar, from Kirkcudbright, with meal; William, Stewart, from Newry in ballast.

SAILED.—9. Bee, Duncan, for Barbadoes, with goods.—10. Elliot, Lamont, for Liverpool, with ditto; Sisters, Cunninghame, for Belfast, with ditto.—12. Robert, Roger, for Newfoundland, with ditto.

By Order of the Trustee for

The Creditors of Mr Pringle of Crichton.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Price of the Estate is to be paid at Whitsunday next, and will be then divided among the Creditors.

THE Trustees upon the sequestrated estate of

GEORGE THOMSON, Merchant in Aberdeen, request that the whole of his creditors, or their doers, will meet within the house of Alexander Mason, vintner in Aberdeen, upon Tuesday the 27th of April current, at 12 o'clok noon, when a state of the affairs under their management, and other matters of importance to the creditors, will be laid before them.

NOTICE

To the Creditors of JOHN JAMIESON of Langside.

THE Trustee having sold the Lands of Langside, and the price being payable at Whitsunday next, the creditors of the said John Jamieson are requested to lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths on the verity thereof, either with Mr Ludovick Grant accomptant in Edinburgh, the trustee, or with John Tawse writer in Edinburgh, betwixt and the 25th day of April next; in order that their respective interests in the trust-funds may be ascertained; and that the creditors may receive payment of their debts as soon as the fund for that purpose comes into the hands of the Trustee.

NOTICE

To the Creditors of ROBERT HEWAT, Yarn Merchant in Perth.

THE sequestration of the personal estate of the said Robert Hewat, formerly awarded, having been lately renewed, with the addition of all lands and other heritable subjects belonging to him, and James Ross writer in Perth having been elected by the Creditors sole trustee, upon the said sequestrated estate, the said James Ross, does, therefore, hereby require the whole Creditors of the said Robert Hewat, to lodge with him, as trustee foresaid, their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, betwixt and the 30th day of September next, being nine kalendar months from the 30th day of December last, when the said sequestration was renewed; with certification to those Creditors who fail so to do, that they will be cut out from the first distribution of the bankrupt's effects.

This intimation is therefore given in terms of the statute,

JAMES ROSS.

NOTICE

To the Creditors of CUMMING, M'KENZIE and Co. Merchants in Glasgow, and JOHN CUMMING and JOHN M'KENZIE, two of the partners of the above Company as individuals.

THE real and personal estates of the saids Cumming, M'Kenzie and Co. and of John Cumming and John M'Kenzie, as individuals; having been sequestered upon the 10th day of January last, upon the present bankrupt act, and a meeting of their creditors having been held at Glasgow upon the 20th day of the same month, William Robertson merchant in Glasgow was elected interim-factor; and at an after meeting upon the 24th of February last, he was chosen trustee.

The said William Robertson, therefore, in terms of the statute, requires the whole creditors of the said Cumming, M'Kenzie and Co. and of John Cumming and John M'Kenzie as individuals, to produce in his hands their respective grounds of debt, and vouchers thereof, with oaths of verity thereon, and that betwixt and the 10th day of October next, with certification, that they will not draw any share of the first distribution of the effects of the bankrupts, unless this notice is complied with.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON.

NOTICE

To CREDITORS of FRANCIS GARBETT and COMPANY, and CHARLES GASCGIGNE.

THE sequestration of the personal estates of Francis Garbett and Company, late Merchant at Carron Wharf, and Charles Gascoigne, their acting partner, as an individual, having lately been renewed, with the addition of all lands and other heritable subjects, and the Creditors having, at their meeting of the 13th of March last past, unanimously elected Walter Hog accomptant in Edinburgh to be trustee on the said sequestrated estates. He, therefore, as directed by the statute, hereby requires the whole creditors to lodge with him as trustee aforesaid, their grounds of debt, and oaths of verity thereon, before the 10th day of October next, being nine kalendar months from the 10th day of January last, when the said sequestration was renewed:—And as some of the Creditors who proved their debts under the former sequestration may consider it unnecessary for them again to produce their grounds of debt, with affidavits thereon, he begs leave to mention, that a reproduction of the grounds of debt, with an oath of verity thereon, is considered to be absolutely necessary. He therefore intreats the Creditors to attend to Sect. 31. of the statute, where it is declared, That those Creditors who shall neglect to comply with the requisition now made, of proving their debts before the expiry of the nine kalendar months from the renewal of the sequestration, shall not be entitled to any share of the first distribution of the debtors estate.

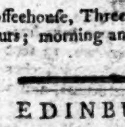
NOTICE

To the Creditors of Mess. M'CLURE and CUMING, late Merchants in Ayr.

THAT upon the 16th January 1784, the Court of Session, under the authority of the late statute of the 23d of the King, intituled, "An act for rendering the payment of Creditors of insolvent debtors more equal and expeditious," &c. renewed and continued the sequestration formerly granted, of the personal estates belonging to the bankrupts, with the addition of all lands and heritable subjects belonging to them, within the jurisdiction of the Court; and Gilbert Hamilton merchant in Glasgow being appointed trustee, the said Gilbert Hamilton, in compliance with the rules prescribed by the act of Parliament, hereby requires all the Creditors of the said Mess. M'Clure and Cuming, to lodge with him, the trustee, their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt against the bankrupts, with oaths for proving the same, and that within nine kalendar months from the date of the sequestration; which nine months expire the 16th October next, and that under the certification expressed in the said statute, viz. That all those Creditors who shall neglect to comply with this requisition, shall not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the estate of the said Mess. M'Clure and Cuming.

AT LONDON,

THE LIVINGSTON,



ROBERT STEVENSON Master,

Lying at Hawley's Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, Edinburgh, and all places adjacent, and will sail 26th April 1784.

The Master to be spoke with at the New-England Coffeehouse, Threedneedle Street, by the Royal Exchange, at 'Change hours; morning and evening on board the ship.

To be LET, and entered to immediately, or at Whitsunday first.

THAT large elegant and commodious House,

in the burgh of Linlithgow, opposite to the Cross, (where are good markets) with the gardens now converted into pleasure ground, and sloping banks and walks of about two acres, sometime possessed by Governor Glen.

The House, is finished in the modern taste, and consists of the following particulars, viz.

First Floor—Kitchen, scullery, pantry, and servants room, or lobby, with a fire place, parlour, with a large press in it, laundry and cellar.

Second Floor—Large lobby, dining-room, about 31 feet long, and about 21 feet broad, and 15 feet high, elegantly finished, with a large bow window in the west end of it; and above the same two bed rooms, and a closet. These command an agreeable view of the Loch and country. And on the same floor with the dining-room, a drawing-room, and bed-room, each with large presses, and a dressing closet, with a fire place.

Third Floor—Two bed-rooms, a dressing closet, with a fire place, two rooms for servants, and above the same, two other rooms and closets.

There is a stable, with eight new stalls trevassed, and other offices done up in a suitable manner. Another stable and a coach-house will be built if desired, and any other additions made, and every encouragement given.

The above are pleasantly and delightfully situated, having an easy communication with the Loch, Piel, and Royal Palace of Linlithgow, are within 12 Scots miles west of the city of Edinburgh, by a good turnpike road, and fit to accommodate a large and genteel family. The Glasgow and Stirling stages stop at and pass through Linlithgow every day; and besides, there is a stage from Linlithgow to Edinburgh four times a week, and returns to Linlithgow in the evening of the same days. And there is here a good grammar school.

N. B. The above subjects may be converted into a large and elegant Inn, such being much wanted here; and any proper person from England, or elsewhere, will find this a very eligible station, and every encouragement will be given for rendering the Inn complete.—Or any branch of trade and manufacture may be carried on there, to great advantage, the premisses being remarkably well situated therefor in every respect.

Apply to James Buncle, wright in Linlithgow, or Allan Clarke writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

SHEEP FARMS on the OCHILS to LET.

ON Thursday the 29th April, will be Let by roup, at the house of Mrs Hume, vintner in Alva,

The Sheep Farm of the HILLS of MYRETOWN and BALQUHARN, lately possessed by William Guild, and the Sheep Farm of the MILN GLEN of TILLICOULTRY, presently possessed by J. and A. Marshalls. ALSO, To be LET for such time as can be agreed on, The FARMS and DISTILLERIES at the Dolls, and at Balquharn, lately possessed by John and James Guilds, and the arable Farms of the Dams and Nether Balquharn. As the Distilling Utensils belonging to these Distilleries are advertised for sale on the 27th, it may be convenient for such as wish to take these Farms, to make their offers before that time to J. Johnstone, Esq; at Alva.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Lands of ROSEHAUGH, lying in the

parish of Spynie, and shire of Elgin.

These lands contain in whole about 184 acres, 132 of which are arable, of an exceeding good soil, and the remainder pasture; the whole capable of great improvement. They are held of a subject superior, and the present free rent is about 70 l. sterling. The lands are presently set from year to year, except a small part which is let in tack for three years from Whitsunday next 1784.

For further particulars, apply to William Grant, Esq; of Grantsgreen, near Elgin, or Alexander Nairne writer in Edinburgh.

LANDS in AYRSHIRE, for SALE.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Lands and Barony of KILLOCH, lying in the parish of Mauchline, and shire of Ayr, containing 1458 Scots acres of arable and meadow land, all contiguous, which are divided into twenty farms, most of which are lately inclosed and subdivided by ditches and quick-set earth dykes; the hedges whereof are in a healthy and thriving condition, and the farm houses are in good repair, most of them being newly built.—There is an inexhaustible fund of lime-stone in several parts of the lands.—At Killoch Mains there is a level free quarry, with an excellent draw kiln working, and a coal-level-free going within an hundred yards of the kiln, from which no part of the estate is above one mile distant, which renders the improvement of the lands certain and easy, lime being the manure best adapted and most successful upon this land, which is generally a strong, deep, loamy, clay soil, and by means of lime being had, produces weighty crops, at a small cost. There are two turnpike roads, leading from Dumfries to Kilmarnock and Glasgow, passing through this estate.—And close by, and on each side, is an extensive field of proven coal, of good quality, on which is [illegible]ter engine—and a fire engine-house is nearly completed thereupon, and materials for completing the machinery are collected for putting together, and setting up—and the engine pit is sunk to the coal, and when finished (which may be done at a small further expence) there is no doubt of the coal's yeilding a clear rent of 200l. a year, being in the middle of a populous country, and the nearest coal to the large and thriving village of Mauchline, from which it is only two miles distant.—There is a corn and lint mill on this estate, both lately erected, and well supplied with water, at all seasons.

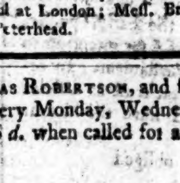
The present rent of these lands is only 670l. 2s. 11d. Sterling money, 9 bolls oat-meal, 16 hens, 16 chickens, and 34 loads of coals leading. But there are at present out of tack, and let only from year to year in pasture, 270 acres at the low rent of 58l 10s. which, when properly rested and limed, will let, on a nineteen year's lease, at 130l. a year, or about 70l. additional rent.—there are also 220 acres in tack, which were let before any improvement by lime was begun on the estate, on the expiry of which, in a few years hence, will bring an additional rent of 60l. per annum, the present rent being only 66l. And there is a high probability of the lime quarries and draw kiln letting at 50l. a year, besides serving the demands of the estate. There is a large lake of water on the estate, covering many acres of valuable meadow land, which can be recovered and laid dry at a very small expence: So that there is the most reasonable expectations, that this estate, in a few years, with a proper degree of attention, and a small further expence, will yield a rent of 1200l. per annum.

The lands hold of the Crown or Prince, and their several old extents amount to 14l 16s. and 3d.—The inventory of the writs, and rental of the lands, may be seen in the hands of Patrick Robertson, writer in Glasgow, who hath power to treat with any person inclining to purchase. And rentals of the estate may be seen in the hands of Gavin Hamilton, writer in Mauchline, the factor, and Bailie Alexander Hutcheson, in Galston, either of whom will show the lands, and inform of further particulars.

N. B. If this estate is not sold by private bargain, between and Lammas next, it will be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the Tontine Coffee-house of Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 11th of August next, between two and three afternoon.

Sale of a Ship and Cargo at Peterhead.

On Thursday the 22d curt. there will be exposed to sale by public roup,



The SHIP the CHRISTIANA CAROLINA of STETTIN,

Capt. J. C. Bottcher, late Commander,

Foreign built, about 500 tons burden, with her furniture and apparelling, as she presently lies in the north harbour of Peterhead—As also the CARGO of said SHIP, consisting of Fir Baulks, Oak and Fir Planks; Pipe, Hogshead, Barrel, and Heading Staves, and Clapboards; which will be exposed in different lots, for the accommodation of purchasers.

For further particulars apply to Sebastian Fridag, Esq; Prussian Consul at London; Mess. Brebner and Co. Aberdeen; or the Captain at Peterhead.

A Sugar House in Glasgow for Sale.

ALEX. BROWN and CO. of the West Sugar-House of Glasgow, having purchased the South Sugar-House there, where they mean to remove to, and carry on business, at the 1st June next, propose to dispose of the West Sugar-House and Utensils, by private sale; those who may wish to purchase will please apply to them.

In the mean time, both Houses go on as formerly.

GLASGOW, 31st March, 1784.

FARM OF MUCKOVIE,

To be LET for eighteen years from Whitsunday first,

THE Farm of MUCKOVIE, about four miles from Inverness; it consists of about 266 Scots acres, whereof near one half is arable, all substantially inclosed, and most of it properly subdivided. Upwards of 40 acres were laid down with grass seeds last spring, and a field in spring 1782. There is besides a great deal of natural grass, which, from its vicinity to Inverness, must be highly beneficial to the tenant. A Dwelling House and office houses were all built last summer.

Apply to Mrs Grant at Stoneyfield, by Inverness, who will inform of the terms and other particulars.

LANDS of MIDLOCK & GLESPEN to be LET.

THERE will be LET, for nineteen years, or such shorter period as may be agreed on,

The Farms of MIDLOCK & GLESPEN, lying in the parish of Crawford Douglas, and shire of Lanark, as the same are at present possessed by Robert Hope, tenant there.

These two farms consist of 1529 acres and upwards of Scots measure, whereof 25½ acres are excellent croft and meadow-land, 50½ acres good field land; and the rest of the grounds consist of excellent sheep-pasture, and were let preceding Whitsunday 1781 at 187 l. Sterling of yearly rent.—These farms will be let jointly or separately, the entry to commence at Whitsunday 1784.

Proposals for a lease may be given in to Samuel Mitchelson jun. writer to the signet, which will be kept secret, if desired.

LANDS IN ARGYLE SHIRE,

BY ADJOURNMENT,

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, in the Exchange Coffee House in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 30th June 1784, between the hours of five and seven afternoon, in the following Lots:

I. The Lands of KILMICHAEL INVERLUSSAY, with the mill and pertinents.

II. The Lands of TONARDRIE, DUNANS, BARDARROCH, BARINLUASGAN, and BARINDAFF, extending in whole to a seven and a half merk land of old extent, with the pertinents.

All the above mentioned lands lie in the parish of North Knapdale.

III. The Three Merk Land of ACHICHOISE, with the pertinents lying in the parish of Glasrie.

The whole lands hold of a subject superior.

Plans of the property lands, the progress of writings, and rentals, may be seen in the hands of James Loch, writer to the signet.

TO be SOLD by public roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 30th of June 1784, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

I. The Barony of CLOWDEN, *alias* NEWARK,

lying in the parish of Kirkpatrick Irongray, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, comprehending the lands and farms of Rowton-bridge, Upper, Nether, and Mid Dalwhairn, Lagg, Rouchtree, Hallhill, Cobboxholm, Newark Braes, Whinnyhill, Ingleston, Galeside, or Kirkpatrick and Clowden, with the corn, barley, and wheat mills, a salmon fishing in the river Clowden, and the vice patronage of the parish of Kirkpatrick Irongray.

This estate is of a remarkable good soil, well inclosed and subdivided with stone dykes, and thriving full grown hedges; it is at present in good condition, and there is sufficiency of shell marle upon it to keep it so. It contains about 1870 acres, whereof 1500 are arable and meadow, about 90 wood land, and the remainder very good pasture. The present rent is 841 l. 6 s. 1 d. Sterling, but a considerable rise may be depended on at the expiry of the current leases. It holds of the Crown, and stands rated in the Cess-books at 1260 l. 10 s. Scots. The tiends are valued, and the purchaser will have right to them.

The woods are well inclosed, and very thriving; at last cutting, they sold for upwards of 700 l. Sterling, exclusive of the woods on Hallhill, which are presently fit for sale.

This estate is pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Clowden, within three miles of the town of Dumfries, and it has many delightful situations upon it for building a mansion-house, which would command the view of the rivers Nith and Clowden, the town and port of Dumfries, the whole Gentlemen's seats in that rich and populous neighbourhood, the Solway frith, and the Cumberland hills.

II. The lands of Over and Nether BARNCLEUGHS, lying in the said parish and county, within a mile and an half of Clowden, consisting of about 200 acres, whereof 160 are arable, and 19 moss, where there is an inexhaustible quantity of shell marle.

These lands are all sufficiently inclosed and subdivided with good stone walls. The present rent is only 50 l. but when the current lease expires, four years hence, a considerable rise will be got

The tiends are valued, and the purchaser will have right to them.

III. The lands and estate of GELSTON, lying in the parishes of Kelton and Buitle, and county aforesaid, comprehending the farms of Boreland and Gelston, with the mill and mill-lands; and Craigley in the parish of Kelton and Cuil, in the parish of Buitle, containing about 1360 acres, all of an exceeding rich quality, well inclosed and subdivided, with stone walls, and full grown fencible hedges.

On this estate, there is a good Mansion-house and offices, with a garden and orchard, and some thriving plantations; and an inexhaustible quantity of shell marle for improving the same, and for sale to the neighbouring heritors.

The estate is Let to good tenants, at 600 l. 15 s. Sterling, of yearly rent; the whole holds of the Crown, and the lands of Boreland afford a freehold qualification on the old extent. The tiends are valued, and the purchaser will have right to them in the parish of Buitle, and to a current tack of the tiends in the parish of Kelton.

The situation of Gelston is very convenient and inviting, being within three miles of the sea-port of Auchcairn, on the Solway frith, and two miles of the great military road leading from Carlyle to Portpatrick, to both of which there are good roads.

IV. These parts of the Barony of GLASNOCK, lying in the parish of Peningham and county of Wigton, comprehending the farms of Over and Nether Gasnocks, Killeal, Kirkchrist, and Killymore, with a salmon fishing in the river Bladnock, and the superiority of the lands of Drummory and Carsbuie, lying in the parish of Kirkcowan, and county of Wigtown.

There are good grazing lands, both for black cattle and sheep. The present rent, including the feu-duties in Kirkcowan parish, is only 114 l. 12 s. 9 d. 6-12ths, but the tenants paid large grassums in 1766, when their leases commenced; so in 1787, when they expire, a great rise may be depended on, large offers being already made. The tiends are valued, and the tenants pay all the public burdens, stipend excepted.

V. The farm of CULSCADDEN, in the parish of Sorbie and county of Wigtown, also part of the said Barony of Glasnock, let at 169 l. per annum, consisting of about 290 acres, all good arable land, except about 15 acres lying on the Bay of Wigtown, and having a safe port for exporting the produce of the lands.

This farm all inclosed and subdivided, has within it an inexhaustible quantity of shell marle, and sea shells; and the kelp on the shore yields from ten to twelve guineas every third year.

The tiends are valued.

The title deeds, conditions of sale, tacks, rentals, plans, and measurements of the several estates before-mentioned, will be seen in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet; and for further information apply to Alexander Farquharson accomptant in Edin[illegible] has power to sell by private bargain. [illegible] Dumfries, will shew the estate of Clowden, Mr Heron, jun. of Ingleston, the estate of Gelston, and Mr Cockburn at Cree-bridge, the lands in Wigtown shire.

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